

Microservices and DevOps

Scalable Microservices

Docker Health Check

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- *Health Check:*
 - A health check is a webpage/API call that reveals the application's internal view of its own health. [Nygard, p 169]
 - IP address, version of runtime, service version, status (accepting work), state (connection pools, caches, circuit breakers, ...)
- That is,
 - Instead of (in addition to) the centralized monitoring system reporting health of a service, the service *itself* provides it
 - Not really of any use, in case the service has failed...

Ex: /health of CaveService

- Example: Added a health path to my cave service
 - Pretty easy, just another route with relatively hard-coded data...

```
^Ccsdev@m1:~/proj/cave$ http localhost:9999/msdo/v1/cave/health
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Date: Thu, 04 Nov 2021 08:19:00 GMT
Server: Jetty(9.4.31.v20200723)
Transfer-Encoding: chunked

{
  "state": "healthy",
  "title": "CaveService by Henrik Bærbak",
  "upSince": "2021-11-04T09:19:00.855618+01:00[Europe/Copenhagen]",
  "version": "v1"
}
```

Docker Support

- Your Dockerfile supports container healthchecks
 - Ex: Check every 5 min that main page is responding in < 3secs

```
HEALTHCHECK --interval=5m --timeout=3s \
  CMD curl -f http://localhost/ || exit 1
```

- This is a rudimentary check, better to provide a /health path with e.g. JSON payload that describe health – like my previous example
- Of course, your application must then provide that particular /health path !

Docker Support

When a container has a healthcheck specified, it has a *health status* in addition to its normal status. This status is initially `starting`. Whenever a health check passes, it becomes `healthy` (whatever state it was previously in). After a certain number of consecutive failures, it becomes `unhealthy`.

The options that can appear before `CMD` are:

- `--interval=DURATION` (default: `30s`)
- `--timeout=DURATION` (default: `30s`)
- `--start-period=DURATION` (default: `0s`)
- `--retries=N` (default: `3`)

The health check will first run **interval** seconds after the container is started, and then again **interval** seconds after each previous check completes.

- If it does not appear 'healthy' after the N retries, the container stops

Use in Swarm

- The swarm will *restart* a container (given section 'restart-policy') if it is not healthy
- Compose-file may overrule the healthcheck (or add it)

```
healthcheck:  
  test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost"]  
  interval: 1m30s  
  timeout: 10s  
  retries: 3  
  start_period: 40s
```



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Example



/health on Daemon

Mozilla Firefox

localhost:7777/health

localhost:7777/health

JSON Raw Data Headers

Save Copy Collapse All Expand All Filter JSON

```

{
  "title": "SkyCave Daemon",
  "state": "healthy",
  "upSince": "2020-05-01T08:16:46.892Z",
  "version": "snapshot",
  "url": "http://localhost:7777/health"
}

```

Healthcheck in Dockerfile

Health in Compose

- Added healthcheck in compose on my CaveService

```
csdev@m51:~/proj/cave$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
98396882859a	henrikbaerbak/private:cave	"./gradlew daemon21 ..."	4 minutes ago	Up 4 minutes	7777/tcp
yt2dq36v9l3ozg08ows	henrikbaerbak/private:caveservice	"java -jar /root/cav..."	4 minutes ago	Up 4 minutes (healthy)	9999/tcp


- Added path '/halt' that stops the web server!

```
csdev@m51:~/proj/cave$ http localhost:9999/halt
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Date: Fri, 01 May 2020 11:02:49 GMT
Server: Jetty(9.4.z-SNAPSHOT)
Transfer-Encoding: chunked

<h1>HALTING</h1>
```

Health in Compose

```
deploy:
  replicas: 1
  restart_policy:
    delay: 5s
    max_attempts: 15
```



```
csdev@m51:~/proj/cave$ docker stack ps cave21
```

ID	NAME	IMAGE	NODE	DESIRED STATE	CURRENT STATE	ERROR
TS						
q8b1wqeyfiye	cave21_caveservice.1	henrikbaerbak/private:caveservice	m51	Running	Starting 26 seconds ago	
g3vs2zyt2dq3	cave21_daemon.1	henrikbaerbak/private:cave	m51	Running	Running 7 minutes ago	
hl6ssnmd5tnn	cave21_caveservice.1	henrikbaerbak/private:caveservice	m51	Shutdown	Complete 31 seconds ago	

- Morale: Simple ‘control plane’ behavior is possible in swarm...

A failure experiment

- I tried in my 'strangled' cave consisting of
 - Daemon + CaveService
- To view the startup process..
- It seems that...
 - (though I find the docs pretty ambiguous)
 - The container is not 'ready for action' until the first healthcheck has passed...
 - Which means my Daemon did not work until the interval period had expired...

```
# Do health checks and restart if down
healthcheck:
  test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost:9999/msdo/v1/cave/health"]
  interval: 30s
  timeout: 5s
  retries: 3
  start_period: 10s
```

Summary

- Healthchecks can serve two purposes in a container context
 - As a web page we can inspect to review ‘interesting stuff’
 - Ala...
 - As a container mechanism to control restarts and simple monitoring
 - Caveat: ‘curl’ is itself a pretty big package to require to be installed in the container...

